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11.50-12.10

Gowning, Personnel Monitoring and Beyond

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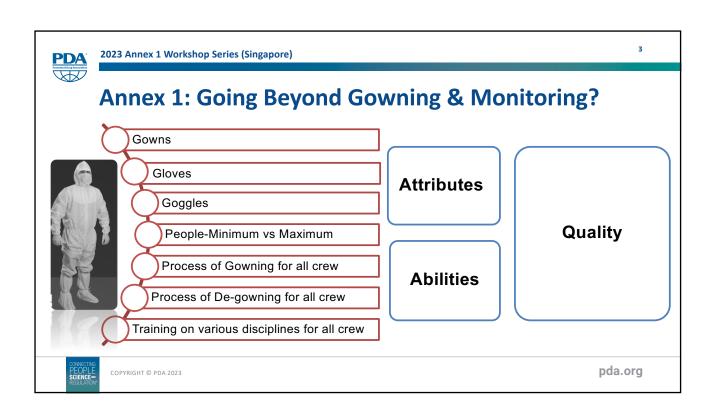
Aspects of... Gowning, Monitoring & beyond

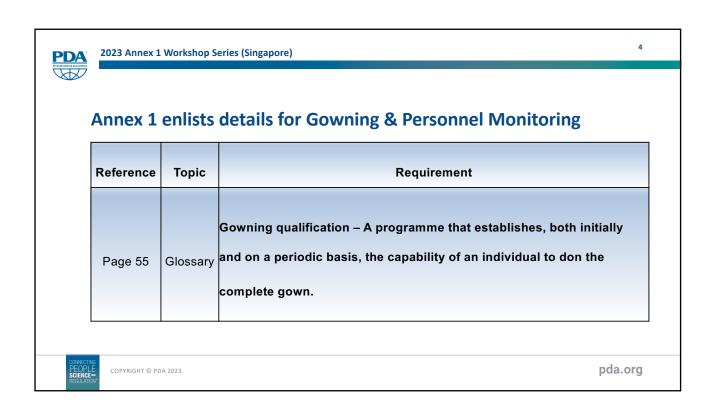
People & Barriers as per Annex 1 (Reference Section 7-Personnel)

Socks, Gowns, Goggles, Gloves



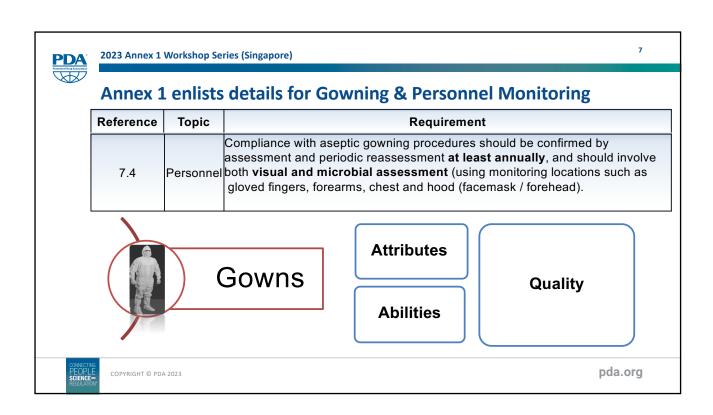
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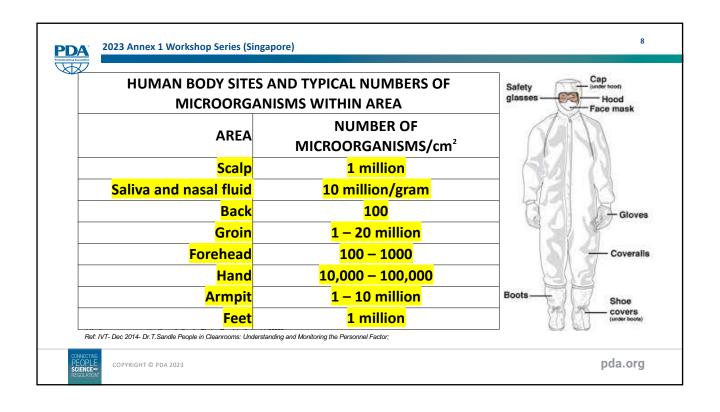


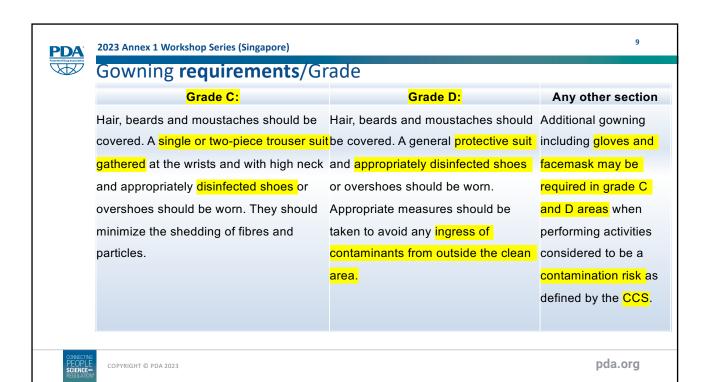


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			SPECIFICATION					
Maxim	num Action Limits for viable particle	Air	Settle plates	Contact plates	Glove print			
contamination; Annex 1		sample	(diam. 90 mm)	(diam. 55mm) Including 5 fingers on both hands		LEGEND		
GRADE	ACTIVITIES	CFU /m3	CFU /4 hours(a)	CFU / plate(b)	CFU / glove			
Grade A	Connections made under aseptic conditions (where sterilised product contact surfaces are exposed) that are post the final sterilising grade filter. These connections should be sterilised by steam-in-place whenever possible. Aseptic compounding and mixing. Replenishment of sterile bulk product, containers and closures. Removal and cooling of unprotected (e.g. with no packaging) items from sterilisers. Staging and conveying of sterile primary packaging components in the aseptic filling line while not wrapped. Aseptic filling, sealing of containers such as ampoules, vial closure, transfer of open or partially stoppered vials. Loading of a lyophilizer.	No growth(c)			(b) Contact plate limits apply to equipment, r and gown surfaces within the grade A and g B areas. Routine gown monitoring is not normally required for grade C and D areas, depending on their function.			

			SPF	CIFICATION	
Maximum Action Limits for viable particle contamination; Annex 1		Settle plates Contact plates Glov			
		Air sample	(diam. 90 mm)	·	Including 5 fingers on bot hands
GRADE	ACTIVITIES	CFU /m3	CFU /4 hours(a)	CFU / plate(b)	CFU / glove
Grade B	Background support for grade A (when not in an isolator). Conveying or staging, while protected from the surrounding environment, of equipment, components and ancillary items for introduction into grade A.	10	5	5	5
Grade C	Preparation of solutions to be filtered including sampling and dispensing.	100	50	25	-
Grade D	Cleaning of equipment. Handling of components, equipment and accessories after cleaning. Assembly under HEPA filtered airflow of cleaned components, equipment and accessories prior to sterilisation. Assembly of closed and sterilised SUS using intrinsic sterile connection devices.	200	100	50	-









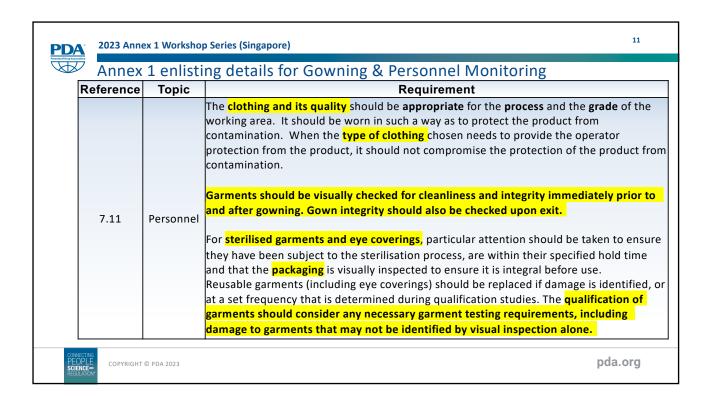
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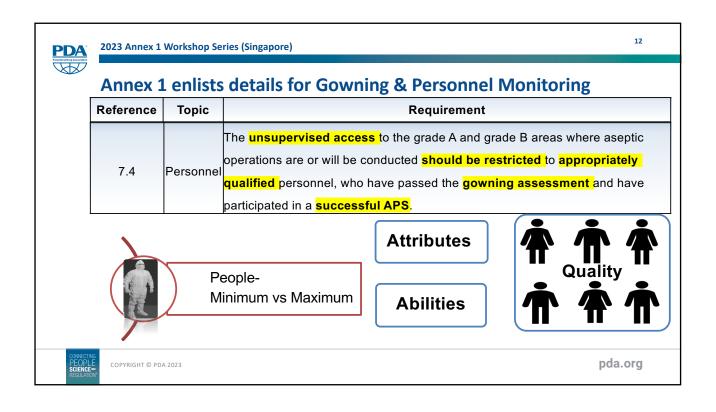
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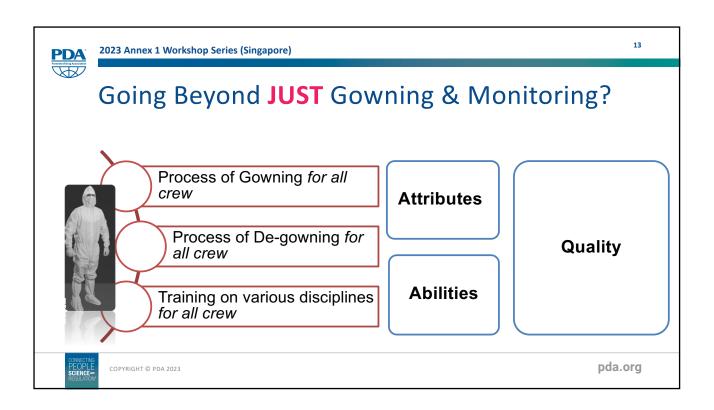
Reference	Topic	Requirement			
7.9	Personnel	Wristwatches, make-up, jewellery, other personal items such as mobile phones and any other non-essential items should not be allowed in clean areas. Electronic devices used in cleanrooms, e.g. mobile phones and tablets, that are supplied by the manufacturer solely for use in the cleanrooms, may be acceptable if suitably designed to permit cleaning and disinfection commensurate with the grade in which they are used. The use and disinfection of such equipment should be included in the CCS.			
7.10	Personnel	Cleanroom gowning and hand washing should follow a written procedure designed to minimize contamination of cleanroom clothing and/or the transfer of contaminants to the clean areas.			
7.12	Personnel	Clothing should be chosen to limit shedding due to operators' movement.			

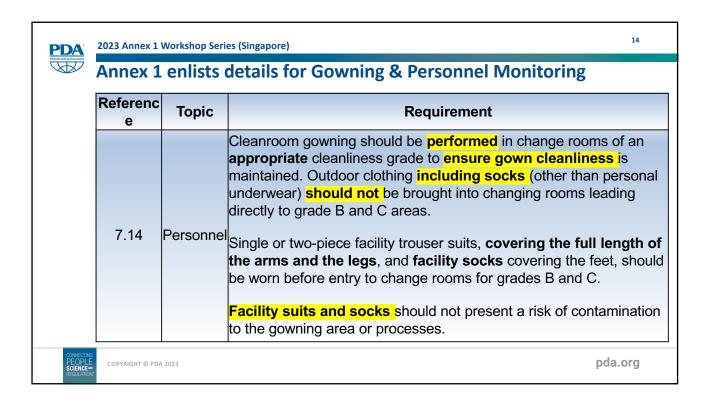


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Annex 1 enlisting details for Gowning & Personnel Monitoring

Reference	Topic	Requirement
7.18	Personnel	Activities in clean areas that are not critical to the production processes should be kept to a minimum, especially when aseptic operations are in progress. Movement of personnel should be slow, controlled and methodical to avoid excessive shedding of particles and organisms due to over-vigorous activity. Operators performing aseptic operations should adhere to aseptic technique at al times to prevent changes in air currents that may introduce air of lower quality into the critical zone. Movement adjacent to the critical zone should be restricted and the obstruction of the path of the unidirectional (first air) airflow should be avoided. A review of airflow visualisation studies should be considered as part of the training programme.



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Annex 1 enlisting details for Gowning & Personnel Monitoring



Reference	Topic	Requirement
7.60	Personnel	There should be systems in place for the disqualification of personnel from working in or given unsupervised entry into cleanrooms that is based on aspects including ongoing assessment and/or identification of an adverse trend from the personnel monitoring programme and/or after being implicated in a failed APS. Once disqualified, retraining and requalification should be completed before permitting the operator to have any further involvement in aseptic practices. For operators entering grade B cleanrooms or performing intervention into grade A, this requalification should include consideration of participation in a successful APS.



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Annex 1 enlisting details for Gowning & Personnel Monitoring

Reference	Topic	Requirement
8.19	Production and Specific Technologies	Aseptic operations (including APS) should be observed on a regular basis by personnel with specific expertise in aseptic processing to verify the correct performance of operations including operator behaviour in the cleanroom and address inappropriate practices if detected.

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