

# Technical Transfer to CMO

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# Technical Transfer

# Technology Transfer (TT)

## ICH Q10

- The goal of Technology Transfer activities is to transfer of product and process knowledge between development and manufacturing, and within or between manufacturing sites to achieve product realization.

*Collection of processes involved in a product's life cycle, from its conception to its completion. This term is all-encompassing, and touches on every stage of design, development, manufacturing, packaging, shipping, and equipment maintenance.*



Delivery of products with the quality attributes to meet the needs of patients

# Technical Transfer Model

## Internal & Internal

- Most straight forward
- Uniform organizational culture, seamless knowledge integration
- Integrated systems

- Tacit Knowledge
- Complacency

## Internal & External

- Strategic partnership
- Advantage of the specialized skills, technology, and capacity of 3<sup>rd</sup> party experts
- Internal team to focus on core competencies (R&D, etc)

- Protecting proprietary information
- Alignment of quality standards and priorities

## External & External

- Least straightforward
- Leverage diverse capabilities, efficient scaling,
- Market expansion

- Coordination complexity
- IP protection
- Consistent quality across entities

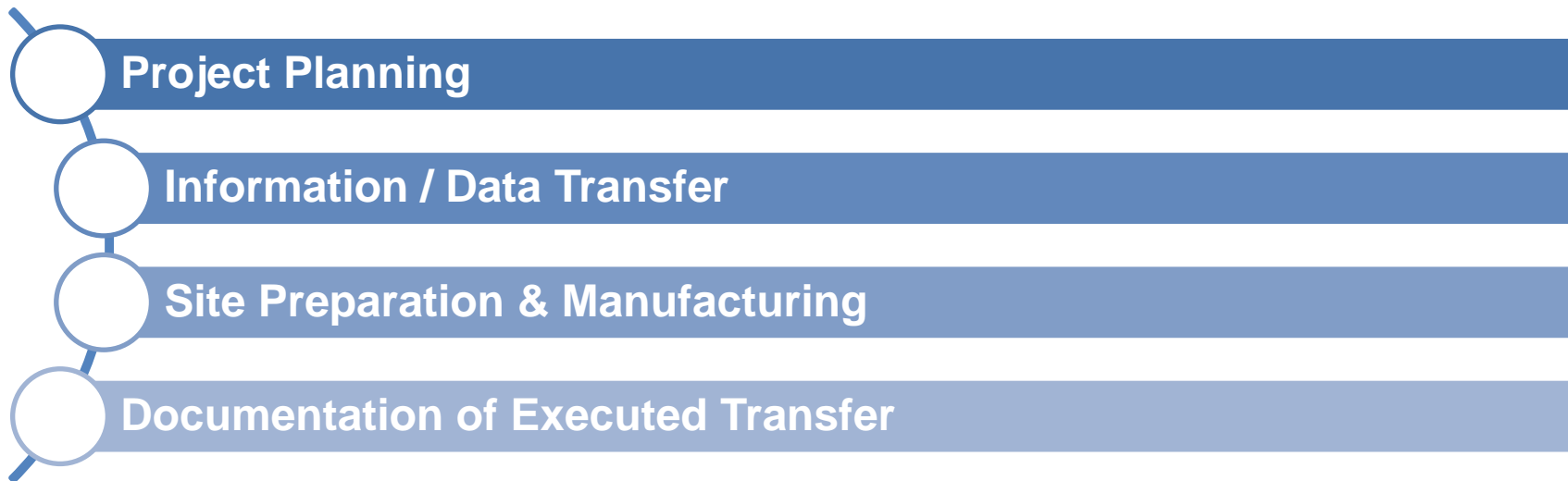
# Why Technical Transfer?

## Importance

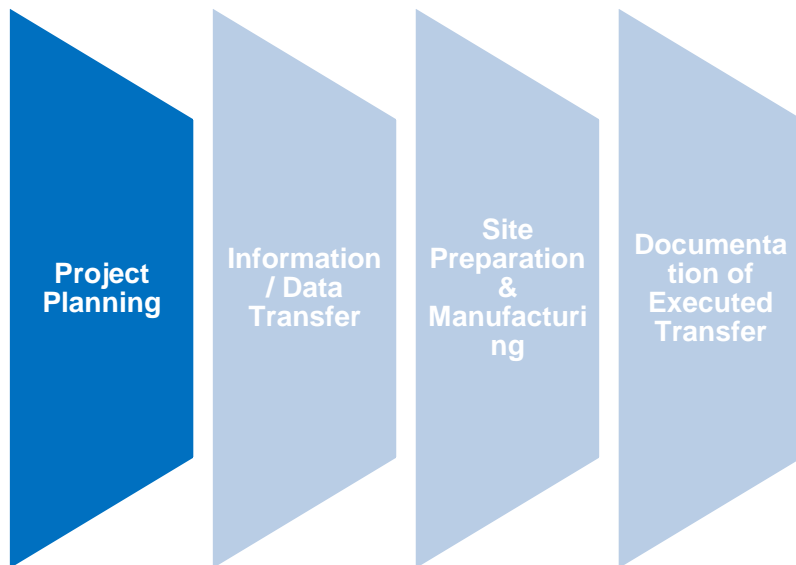
- Business continuity and scalability
- Securing market advantage through commercialization of new technologies
- Securing financial benefits compared to large-scale development cost
- Guaranteeing the rights and interests of intellectual property owners and contribution to the public



# Technology Transfer Key Milestones



# Project Planning



## Process Fit to Plant (PF2P)

- ✓ PF2P must be prospectively established and executed between the sending site and the receiving site to manage risk and assure the equipment capabilities and operating environment of the plant
- ✓ The process is implemented as intended at the receiving site, starting from the first batch with SMEs

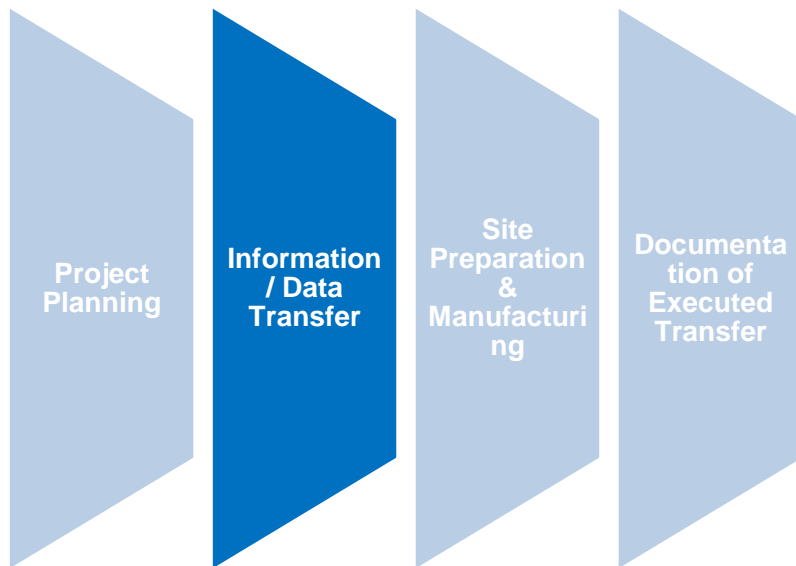
## Technology Transfer Plan (TTP)

- ✓ A team is assembled for a given technology transfer (SMEs are critical)
- ✓ Alignment on objectives, deliverables, and success criteria (high level)
- ✓ Technical Assessment and Risk Management

## Change Control

## Validation Master Plan

# Knowledge Transfer

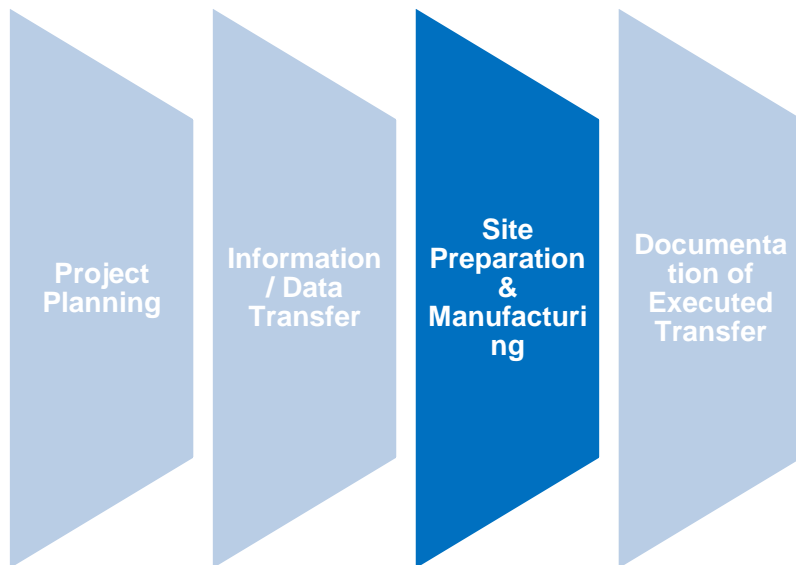


## Product related detailed technical execution plan and justification

- ✓ Lab Assessment
- ✓ Method Transfer Protocol (Commercial)
- ✓ Specification
- ✓ Criticality Analysis
- ✓ Material Assessment (part of MQ)
- ✓ Detailed Process Flow Diagram (DPFD) – sampling plan included
- ✓ Protocols for Development, Characterization, Comparability and Stability
- ✓ Assessment for Cleaning Validation/Verification
- ✓ Validation Protocols (Commercial)



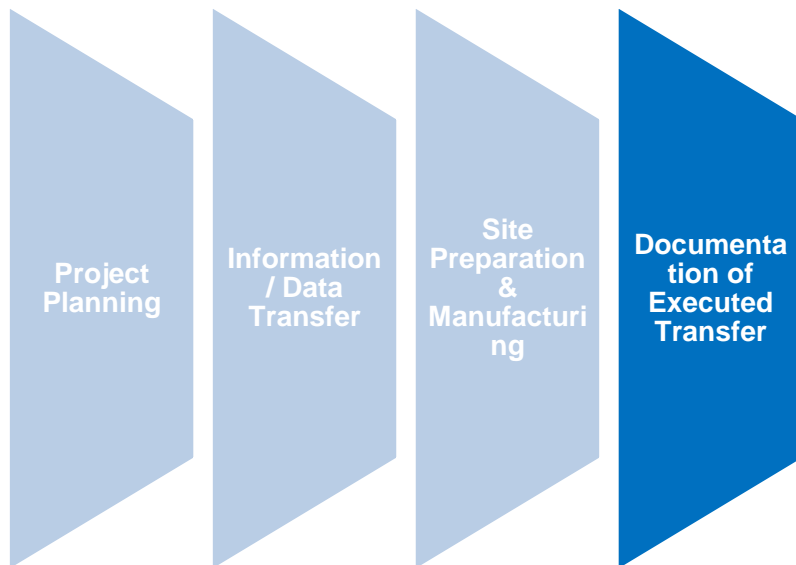
# Site Prep. & Manufacturing



## Site Specific Actions and Readiness

- ✓ Analytical Lab Qualification
- ✓ Production Readiness Check (Prerequisites)
- ✓ Master Batch Records (Commercial)
- ✓ Batch Record
- ✓ Prepare site system (LIMS, site WI/SOP, recipes, training, equipment change control, EHS assessment)
- ✓ Well-trained operators and analysts
- ✓ Equipment Qualification
- ✓ Manufacturing Qualification
- ✓ Cleaning, Sterilization and Testing Qualification

# Documentation



## Documentation of Executed Transfer

- ✓ Documented Analytical Transfer
- ✓ Certificates of Analysis and Compliance
- ✓ Executed Batch Records
- ✓ Cleaning report (verification report)
- ✓ All other executed protocols/ reports
- ✓ Executed validation/verification protocols/ reports
- ✓ Technology Transfer Report
- ✓ Batch report
- ✓ Etc

# Take-away

- Avoiding the technical transfer pitfalls requires **a thorough and well-planned tech transfer process** that includes **detailed documentation, robust communication, comprehensive training, and careful alignment of processes and quality standards** between the original and new manufacturing sites.

# Tips for Technical Transfers (To reduce cost, time, and risks)

## *Science & Data Strategies*

Leveraging technology to accelerate transfers by

- Embedding **the use of Advanced analytics and Modeling into the process**
- Integration of **Smart Tech Transfer** and related initiatives
- Connecting with Integrated quality, Technology and Digital programs
- Identifying opportunities to leverage and standardize tech-enabled execution and digital platform forms

## *Program Capabilities*

Establishing best practices to improve efficiency by

- Building the TO specific layer of TT Playbook
- **Implementing a Central Project repository**
- Deployment of a Process for cross-functional alignment and oversight in project execution
- Building Training and Governance process

## *Partnership & Integration*

Implement One Tech Transfer process to increase agility by

- Defining on One TT process that encompasses all transfers across all platforms
- Defining R&R for secondary transfer for New Products (prior to Transfer of ownership)

# CMO Case Study

# Main challenges/difficulties in TT for CMO

- Our process for TT has evolved over the years so that it is executed similarly across internal and external sites. A major difference that needs to be addressed when working with a CMO, is **R&Rs for defined TT deliverables and document authoring/approvals as CMO sites can be structured differently** versus our internal sites. Not a major problem, just something that needs to be acknowledged up front and defined so there are no surprises down the line.
- We see no difference between global regions (except time zone challenges!) and have successfully transferred across all regions globally.

# Importance of Governance Alignment

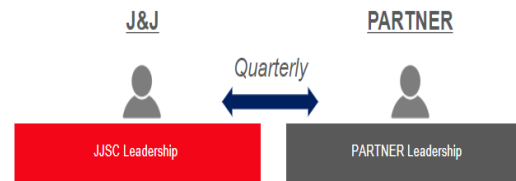
The biggest risks for a tech. transfer is not technical complexity or knowledge management, but instead **organizational complexity** and **supplier management**

Define the Governance Hierarchy and Forums

## Governance Overview

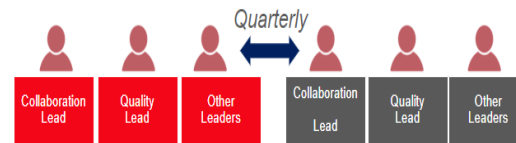
### Executive Leadership Oversight

- Strategic oversight for escalated issues
- Cross-franchise strategic alignment between J&J and PARTNER



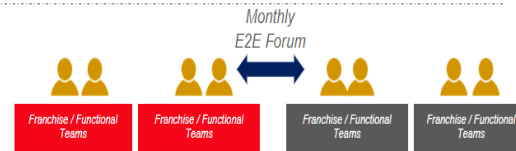
### Relationship Management

- Provide E2E oversight and management of major issues, initiatives, and strategic priorities



### Functional Peer to Peer Execution

- Execute operational / day-to-day alignment within functions and across platforms



# Elements for Successful Technology Transfer

## Right capabilities in the team to support the TT:

- Sufficient experience to help with evaluating PF2P (Process Fit to Plant) differences/risks and ensuring sufficient mitigations are put in place
- **Technical capabilities** to manage the transfer, interpret and challenge process data, mitigate process investigations should they arise
- **People skills** to lead and navigate a large, global, cross-functional team!



# Common Reasons for TT Failure

## Challenges in Oncology Product

- **Time Constrains:** Significant challenge in tech transfers and launches.
- **Urgency vs. Evaluation:** Rapid market entry limits thorough evaluation, extending timelines
- **Deadline Pressures:** Aggressive submission deadlines may impact product quality and PPQ
- *Risk Mitigation: Engineering runs attempted, but scheduling before validation is often difficult*

# Common Reasons for TT Failure - Continued

## Challenges in PPQ Optimization

- **Optimization Drive:** Desire to implement phase 3 learnings in PPQ
- **Critical Decisions:** Assess process impact – distinguish “must haves” from “nice to haves” in PPQ. Ensure rigorous assessment of changes affecting comparability
- **Increased Scrutiny:** PPQ are closely examined; minor trends must be explained
- **Variability Challenges:** Aggressive timelines can hinder understanding of process variability
- **Personal Expertise and Training:** New manufacturing team need comprehensive training programs focusing on process specifics and quality standards

# What to Look @ CMO from a Quality Perspective

Similarity as an internal site:

## Health Authority Inspection History

- Assess any major risks identified
- Review outstanding observations/resolutions

## Site Infrastructure Capability

- Confirm infrastructure can support required staff levels
- Verify sufficient training for employees to execute process effectively

## Internal Audit Preparedness

- Conduct audits to evaluate the quality systems
- Ensure readiness for new product introduction

## CMO Experience

- Evaluate the CMO's ability to manage and resolve quality investigations
- Emphasize the importance of robust and thorough investigation processes

# Tech Transfer Agreement / Quality Agreement

## **Technical Transfer Agreement:**

Ensures both parties have a clear understanding of the technical processes, responsibilities, and expectations. It outlines the specifics of the technology, processes, and knowledge being transferred.

## **Quality Agreement:**

Details the quality standards and practices that need to be maintained. It aligns both parties on quality requirements, ensuring the product meets regulatory and company standards.

*Overall, these agreements are foundational to ensuring a successful and compliant transfer of technology and production capabilities, helping to protect both the transferring company's interests and the quality of the final product.*



# Q & A